## List of Tables

Table Title ..... page
3.1 Theoretically and numerically calculated values of $\gamma$ of the networks of size 10000 generated by CDPAM with different values of $\beta$ when $\theta=0.5$ ..... 24
4.1 Some special cases ..... 40
4.2 Fraction of balanced and imbalanced triangles of different types in the voting networkof Wikielection, network generated using (4.6) and EM network is given in [Ludwig andAbell, 2007]. In case of model networks, all the provided values are averaged over 10networks of same size and same parameter values.42
4.3 Correlation between the distribution of balanced and imbalanced triangles of different types in the voting network of Wikielection, corresponding model network generated by 4.6 (in small bracket) and EM network (in square bracket). ..... 46
4.4 A simple table ..... 48
5.1 Correspondence between the symbols used in crystallization and corresponding network formation process. ..... 53
6.1 Real world networks. ..... 67
6.2 Dis-similarity between degree distributions. ..... 706.3 Average error in different structural properties of the networks generated by differentmodels corresponding to the given networks. It is averaged over error between 10ensembles of generated model networks and real world network.71
6.4 approximated execution time (in sec) of different methods adopted for network reconstruction. 73
8.1 Details of the Networks used for the simulation111
9.1 Accuracy of the reconstruction of given networks. $n$ and $E$ are the number of nodes and edges respectively in a network. $\Delta E$ is the accuracy measure of the reconstruction. The provided values are averaged over 100 runs of reconstruction algorithm for each network of given size. The parameters are $\gamma=0.1$ and $\delta=0.03$. The values of the accuracy measures ( $\Delta$, TPR and FPR) in $5^{\text {th }}, 6^{\text {th }}$ and $7^{\text {th }}$ columns are corresponding to our proposed method.

